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BANK STOCK IS CAUSING FIGHT IN THE CABINET

Secretary of Treasury and the Attorney General Have a Falling Out Over Meaning of Law

TAFT MUST DECIDE THE CONTROVERSY

No Matter How It Goes, Prediction Is That There Will Be Vacancy in the Cabinet

(By Victor Elliott.)

WASHINGTON, Aug. 31.—Another department row has been put up to the president, and as a result a cabinet resignation or two may be forthcoming. Also a ruling will be issued affecting at least 300 national banks, which now own stock in subsidiary companies.

This dispute was caused by Attorney General Wickham, who jumped into the matter without being asked and who volunteered an opinion about a treasury matter when his opinion had not been requested.

According to statements made at the treasury department, the difficulty is by when the attorney general, in a newspaper recently that the day night bank of New York, had part in the National City company, their many were created to do business with the bank could not do business with the national banking laws.

The many restrictions on the night bank could not own real estate at 8 percent act as trustee, it is committee business, and it is organization and many other things functions of the bank.

As a result of the dispute upon national federal government, the organized companies of the bank have been in the treasury department for years with the treasury department.

When Attorney General Wickham learned that the National City bank, the greatest institution of its kind in the country, had created a subsidiary company under the state laws of New York, he began to take notice. The act seemed illegal to him.

The law was examined and court decisions made by the attorney general. The further he got into the matter, the more convinced he became that the National City bank was acting illegally. He began to issue orders to the bank to stop its activities.

Secretary Owns Stock. It happens that the secretary of the treasury owns some bank stock. It is said that he owns the controlling stock in a bank or two in Chicago, and it is known that one of his banks has organized just such a company as that financed by the National City bank. This gives him personal, as well as an official interest in the attorney general's ruling.

When this opinion reached him, unasked and unwelcome, the secretary was astounded. He could not understand why Mr. Wickham had interfered in the treasury department in such a manner, and he indignantly replied that, when he wanted a legal opinion from the department of justice, he would apply for it.

All this would have been kept secret, however, but for the fact, when he prepared his opinion the attorney general, in his eagerness to have the country know that he was always on the job, gave the effect of it out to the newspapers. The announcement reached the public about the same time it reached Secretary McVeagh.

Of course the reporters went over to see Secretary McVeagh when the matter became public. They wanted to know what the treasury would do about it, in view of the fact that the opinion involved one of the greatest banks in the country, and such financiers as J. Pierpont Morgan and John D. Rockefeller.

The secretary refused to talk at first. He could hardly grasp the presumption of the attorney general in tendering an opinion under these circumstances. Then the facts about the other banks came out. Also the fact about the secretary's own bank was published. This made it necessary for the treasury to speak up.

And when it spoke, it spoke with emphasis. Officials of this department made it perfectly clear that it was none of the attorney general's business what went on in the treasury, and that his ruling would be ignored. They said that the department was correct in its position and national banks had the right to organize subsidiary companies if they wanted to.

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LA FOLLETTE TELLS OF AIMS

Prefers the Part He Is Playing in Reform to the Mere Honor of Being President

PEOPLE ARE CONSERVATIVE

WILLIAMSGROVE, Pa., Aug. 31.—Senator Robert M. La Follette of Wisconsin, as speaker of the day at the mass meeting, under the auspices of the state grange, today casually mentioned his candidacy for the presidency. In telling of the battles for his principles in his home state, he said he could have been governor before he was if he desired the place for honor alone.

"But," he said, "what is it to be governor or president, for the honor alone? As to the presidency, I can say only this: Most anybody would like to be president. Most anybody who has a good, broad comprehension of the state grange, today casually mentioned his candidacy for the presidency. In telling of the battles for his principles in his home state, he said he could have been governor before he was if he desired the place for honor alone.

The little part I'm going to have is one for those who help make that movement the fundamental thing in the life of the American people. I would rather have that and the place it will give me in history, and what there will be as a legacy to my children, than have the place that some men who have been president have in the history of the United States."

La Follette said the people need not fear the initiative, referendum or recall. "You need fear no ultra or radical campaign," he said, "because you cannot enlist the majority of ninety millions of people in anything unless it is right. The American people are the most conservative on earth."

He was about to close when some one in the audience yelled out: "How about the recall of judges?" Just the same for judges as for any other officer," said the speaker.

STOCK DEALS FALL TO ALMOST NOTHING

Standard Oil and Tobacco Only Ones Showing Degree of Strength

NEW YORK, Aug. 31.—Following a sharp rise on the opening of the market, and a subsequent recession, stocks moved in a narrow range today. Trading was aimless, and traders indifferent. Business fell to the smallest volume for several days. Pressure was directed against the Lehigh Valley to a considerable extent, and at one time during the day the stock fell six points from the highest of the session. It is said that holders of a large interest in the property were thrown on the market. Later in the day Amalgamated copper was attacked in much the same way, giving away two points.

The similarity of the two attacks showed that both were bear attacks intended to facilitate short covering. Lehigh's bottom price today was the lowest of the year. Interest turned to the prospect of a strike on the Harriman and other lines. Standard Oil and American Tobacco both were active today. An offer of 310 was made for Standard Oil, "ex-subsidiaries," but traders refused to deal in the issues on these terms, until a better opportunity is presented for determining their value. Various plans were about today to prevent wide fluctuations tomorrow, but at the close it is uncertain what course will be taken by the trading.

Tobacco was strong throughout the day. Iron strong. Total sales par value \$1,340,000. Government's unchanged on call.

GAUTIER CENTENARY

PARIS, Aug. 31.—The one hundredth anniversary of the birth of the celebrated poet and novelist, Theophile Gautier, was observed in Paris and generally throughout France today. There were anniversary exercises under the auspices of various literary societies, and in Paris a memorial edition of the author's works was brought out. Gautier was born in the south of France, August 31, 1811, but passed the greater part of his life in Paris. He died in this city December 23, 1872.

PRESIDENT TAKES OFFICE

QUITO, Ecuador, Aug. 31.—Emilio Estrada, who recently defeated Gen. Flavio Alfaro in a bitter contest for the presidency, was inaugurated today. The inauguration was attended with the customary ceremonies conducted in the presence of the members of congress and other officials of the republic.

MCNEALUS' CONDITION CRITICAL

AUSTIN, Tex., Aug. 31.—The condition of Senator J. C. McNealus of Dallas, who was injured in a personal encounter with J. F. McVey, the head of the anti-prohibition organization of Texas, a few nights ago, is critical. Two ribs were pressed in upon his lungs, causing him intense suffering.

STRIKE SEEMS SURE TO COME

Unions Resolve to Insist on Their Terms, While the Espee Is Just as Determined

FINAL CONFERENCE TODAY

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 31.—One possible avenue to an agreement appeared tonight, following an all day conference by officials of the five unions of shopmen, preparing to ask Julius Kruttschnitt, vice president of the Harriman system, for recognition of the federation of shop employees. Following the announcement of a meeting with Kruttschnitt arranged for 11 a. m. tomorrow, it was given out by general officials of the union, in consultation with advisory boards, that they had agreed the demands of the men must be insisted upon.

"Does that mean recognition of the federation?" asked President Kline, of the blacksmiths, was asked. "It amounts to that," he replied, "but the word federation seems a scare to a good many people. What we insist upon, according to the agreement today, is recognition of the joint committee representing the various unions.

Kruttschnitt has declared that recognition of the federation is impossible, giving a list of reasons for this attitude.

Central Holds Back. CHICAGO, Aug. 31.—C. H. Markham, president of the Illinois Central, today took a hand in the conference of union representatives who are seeking to have the road recognize the federation of employees of the shops. Markham apparently was unwilling to recede from the road's previous determination not to treat with the federation, but only with individual unions. After the conference Markham said:

"I told the union representatives that the Illinois Central would not discuss a new agreement while the contracts with individual unions were in existence. If the prevailing contracts are cancelled, it might be done in the usual manner provided there is, which stipulated that thirty days notice be given either party of a desire to change the terms of the same. Their attention was called to the fact that the railroad has always lived up to the letter and spirit of the contracts, and expected the men to do the same."

None of the union officials would discuss the situation. After the conference with the railroad officials the union laborers met at headquarters of the blacksmiths and held a conference. If the prevailing contracts are cancelled, it might be done in the usual manner provided there is, which stipulated that thirty days notice be given either party of a desire to change the terms of the same.

ATLANTIC FLEET IN TARGET PRACTICE

Poor Old Battleship Texas Will Be Shot to Pieces Again

WASHINGTON, Aug. 31.—At dawn tomorrow the Atlantic fleet, the real power of the American navy, will begin a spectacular summer practice off the Chesapeake capes, under simulated battle conditions. Rehearsing that the future naval combats will be fought at great distances, not a shot will be fired in practice under 5,000 yards. The maximum ranges will be 16,000 yards, or more than nine miles. The practice extends over a period of two weeks, so the battleships are sure to encounter rough weather.

It is argued that the sailor cannot pick his time or weather conditions for a real battle, so in practice he should be given all kinds of weather. The old battleship Texas will be used as one of the targets. A few days ago she was nearly battered to pieces by the Delaware at a range of 15,000 yards with a 12-inch rifle.

REFUSED KISS, FIRES AT WOMAN, KILLS SELF

SEATTLE, Aug. 31.—An unknown man fired two shots at Mrs. Mary Vaughn, proprietress of a rooming house, today, and killed himself when cornered by the police. He came to the house and asked to see a room. Mrs. Vaughn showed one and he said: "All right, I'll take it and move in tomorrow, but before I go, let me kiss you."

Mrs. Vaughn shoved him back, then he fired twice, missing her. When the police came he killed himself.

THE WEATHER

ARIZONA—Fair with showers north, Wednesday. Fair Thursday.

DECLARE PAUL BIGGEST LIAR IN COMMUNITY

Most Desperate Means Are Taken by Beattie Defense to Discredit Cousin of the Prisoner

ACCUSED MAN SOBS AS FATHER TESTIFIES

Beattie Goes on Stand in Own Behalf Today, After Which the Defense Will Rest

CHESTERFIELD COURTHOUSE, Aug. 31.—Henry Clay Beattie, Jr., indicted for murder of his young wife, sobbed like a child today when his gray haired father, in a low, tremulous voice, told of domestic infelicity and the slain woman. It was the first time the stoical calm of the prisoner had given way. The testimony of the father came as a dramatic close of a long day's battle by the defense against evidence heaped up by the prosecution. Tomorrow the accused will go on the stand and the defense will rest its case.

Battling constantly against the testimony of Paul Beattie, cousin of the accused, as to the purchase of the gun, his delivery of it to Henry, and subsequent conversations with the accused, the defense introduced several witnesses to cast doubt upon the veracity of Paul. It emphasized this point, when it produced David D. Beattie, grandfather of Paul, and uncle of Henry, who testified that Paul's character was not good. The most surprising refutation of the day against Paul came when Ernest Nobilit said that on Sunday, July 16, he saw Paul on a bridge where he worked hauling a single barreled shotgun. Paul testified he gave the gun to Henry the same day he bought it, Saturday the 14th. E. H. Lewis, an employee of the Beattie store in South Richmond, declared that people there spoke of Paul as "the biggest liar in town."

Henry Clay Beattie, Jr., told of the close attachment to his son. He described the strong love that existed between Henry and the ill-fated wife, testifying that he himself grew to love his daughter in law, as one on his own children. "When her baby was born," he testified, "it was like starting life over for me to see the grandchild. It drew us all together very much." The father spoke highly of his son's character, and controverted the testimony of many witnesses for the prosecution that Henry showed no signs of grief after his wife's murder. When Beattie finished, the prosecution waived cross examination.

40,000 MEN ARE NOW OUT

LISBON, Aug. 31.—The political situation in Portugal is taking a serious turn. The republican party is now completely divided. The advanced element, under the leadership of Alfonso Costa, provisional minister of justice, and the conservative section, under Antonio Almeida, provisional minister of interior, and Senhor Camacho declared open war at the elections for the presidency, the moderates winning the day.

The difference in strength of the two sections is not great, and President Arriaga is devoting all his energies to reconciling the rival factions, but the chances of his succeeding are not considered rosy. It is probable that after the formation of a new cabinet parliament will be adjourned.

The reopening of parliament, however, is expected to lead to heated contests in the house. One of the chief measures of the new ministry will be the redrafting of the separation law. Though considered just in principle, drastic clauses were inserted in this law through the influence of Costa, who thereby gained the support of the extreme republicans.

The general opinion is that the government will be unable to resist the fierce attack of the adherents of Minister Costa, and in such case dissolution of the chamber will be inevitable.

Strikes are developing which threaten to have a serious effect on the country. Forty thousand cork cutters, lighter men and general dock workers are now out. The Diarrion Noticias reports that at Moita, Almada, Aldegallega, Alcochete and other villages of the cork cutting industry, the people are abandoning their homes in fear of sabotage. Acts of violence already have been perpetrated, official buildings are closed and guarded by the military and the streets are patrolled by the troops.

REFUSES TO RELEASE GIRL

CINCINNATI, O., Aug. 31.—After hearing those interested in the suit, Judge Cushing yesterday denied writ of habeas corpus asked by Miss Alice Palmer of Adams, Ga., member of a family said to be wealthy, for the release of her sister, Miss Annie Palmer, aged 36, from a local sanitarium. The court held that Annie Palmer partly realized that she was at the institution for her own good and that she could exercise her own choice in the matter.

EXPLOSION FATAL TO TWO

NEWARK, Aug. 31.—Two persons were fatally injured, and a dozen others put in jeopardy, when a peanut roaster exploded, scattering fragments over two city blocks today. Edward Grady, a machinist, a block away, was hit by a piece of flying iron, and Gus Pritto, owner of the machine, was mangled. Both will die.

600 TONS MEET

BLUE ISLAND, Ill., Aug. 31.—The Ton family held its annual reunion today, more than 600 members being present. It is by far the largest family in Illinois, if not in the country. Tons were present from California, Washington, Kansas and many other western states. The family is incorporated under the laws of Illinois.

WAR DEPARTMENT ORDERS TWO SQUADRONS OF CAVALRY TO THAT POST AND APACHE AT ONCE

HUACHUCA HEADQUARTERS

WASHINGTON, Aug. 31.—In order that there will be plenty of soldiers near the Mexican frontier for use in patrol duty in case of emergency, the war department today ordered that two squadrons of mounted troops be stationed at Fort Huachuca and Apache, Arizona. At present there is but one squadron.

The headquarters of the band, while two troops will be stationed at Apache.

GIRL'S FATHER AFTER M'DAVIT

Moral Pervert Who Kept Jessie McDonald Close Prisoner Held to Answer for His Crime

EXCITING SCENE FOLLOWS

SAN BERNARDINO, Cal., Aug. 31.—Dr. A. W. McDavid, the dentist charged with a statutory offense, following the alleged imprisonment in his office for fifteen months of Miss Jessie McDonald, was held to answer to the superior court this afternoon. Only two witnesses were examined and the hearing occupied only three hours.

The girl testified first. Relating a detailed account of her life with McDavid, she said she was immured in the little room of the office for ten months, and did not get a glimpse of daylight. She testified the blinds were always drawn. For days at a time, she said, she had no food.

Dr. J. S. Mancha, who attended the girl when her child was born, followed, and corroborated most of her testimony, and the prosecution rested. The defense called no witnesses. McDavid was escorted to the courtroom by a squad of armed deputies from the Riverside jail, where he had been secretly held for the last two weeks to prevent an expected attempt against his life. The girl carefully avoided his eyes while testifying.

When court adjourned this afternoon D. McDonald, the girl's father, jumped from a chair and attempted to strike the prisoner. Deputies prevented it. The courtroom was instantly in an uproar. Deputies whisked the prisoner out at once to jail, just as the demonstration took a serious shape.

FACTIONS REND OLD PORTUGAL

Strikes Grow More Serious Each Day, and New President Finds Himself in a Bad Position

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STANDARD OIL COMBINE ENDS

Control of the Subsidiaries of Huge Trust Is Given Up, in Obedience to Court

WILL DISTRIBUTE STOCK

NEW YORK, Aug. 31.—The Standard Oil Company of New Jersey passed out of existence today, so far as its present form and functions are concerned. After today this famous corporation ceased officially to carry on operations as head of a vast organization whose activities extended into most every part of the world. In obedience to the decree of dissolution by the supreme court, it relinquished control of the subsidiary concerns of the great oil combine.

With the end of business today the company's books containing a list of stockholders will close, and the stock of the subsidiary companies will be distributed among the stockholders in the parent organization of record at this time. The work of apportioning the company's holding of stock of more than thirty subsidiaries affected will occupy at least three months, so the readjustment will not be completed before December.

The New Jersey corporation, in addition to acting as a holding corporation, conducts a large oil business and has extensive property holdings. As it never made a public report, there is no way of gauging its assets. The only element of doubt, said one official of the company, as to the general effect of the reorganization, lies in the ability of the constituent companies to produce so large total profits as has been possible under the combine. Only the future can tell.

LUMBER TRUST SUIT STARTS IN DETROIT

Conspiracy in Restraint of Trade Is Charge in the Federal Court

DETROIT, Mich., Aug. 31.—Charging conspiracy in restraint of trade and commerce, in lumber and its products, Federal Attorney Watson today filed a bill in federal circuit court to enjoin the Michigan Retail Lumber Dealers' association, the Scout Publishing company of this city, and the Lumber Secretaries' Bureau of Information of Chicago from further use of alleged unlawful business methods.

It is charged that members of the association endeavor to prohibit the manufacturers and jobbers from shipping to competitors who are not members of the association. The publishing company is charged with aiding the scheme through publishing a list of non-members. The government claims that lists are kept of those who "shaded" prices or sold to non-members, and when this is discovered they are expelled from the association or made to pay a penalty.

DETECTIVE KIDNAPS BRIDE FROM HUSBAND

Hustles Her Aboard Train and Delivers Her to Waiting Father

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., Aug. 31.—John Christmas of 814 Jefferson avenue, Brooklyn, had a night of his life side at Millbrook last night his bride of two weeks, who was Miss Anna Higgins, daughter of a New York business man. The couple eloped from Brooklyn two weeks ago. Patrick Hughes, a retired detective sergeant of the New York police force, found them in Dutchess county. He arranged for the girl's father to come up yesterday, and then took her from Christmas and turned her over to her father, who took her back to Brooklyn.

Young Mr. and Mrs. Christmas were staying at the home of Perry Morse, who keeps summer boarders, next to Recorder Goff's home, at Washington Hollow. Yesterday the detective arranged for Morse to take his boarders for a ride and had Christmas and his bride in the party. They reached the Millbrook railroad station just as the train for New York was ready to pull out. Hughes by a trick induced the bride to get out of the wagon and the next moment she was seated beside her father in the train and was whisked away.

Christmas is 25 years old. Higgins says his daughter is only 17; Christmas says she is 18. He returned to Brooklyn tonight planning to compel Higgins to give him back his wife.

HOLLAND'S QUEEN IS 31

THE HAGUE, Aug. 31.—The thirty-first birthday anniversary of Queen Wilhelmina was celebrated by the people of the Netherlands today with the customary rejoicings. The flying of many flags gave to the cities a festive appearance. Messages of congratulation and good wishes from all parts of the world were received by her majesty during the day.

Foreign Capital Safe. Regarding the plank in the platform providing that no monopolies or special privileges be granted, Madero declared that this was not to be taken to mean that his administration would be antagonistic to foreign capital. He insisted that the money of the foreigner must be treated like that of the Mexican, and all foreign capital given ample protection, but he emphasized the statement of the platform that the government in the future would be the enemy of all monopolies. The fear has been expressed in some quarters that Madero's government could be counted on to bring about a radical

MADERO NOT TO BE RADICAL AS MEXICAN HEAD

Nominee Astounds the Convention Which Nominated Him By Declaring for Sane Government

FOREIGN CAPITAL WILL HAVE FULL PROTECTION

Many Reforms Proposed Will Take Years to Work Out Through Orderly and Legal Methods

MEXICO CITY, Aug. 31.—At the end of an impressive day in the first convention of the new progressive party of Mexico, in which Francisco I. Madero gave his views of the platform and how the country should be governed, in a speech accepting the nomination for the presidency, the session came to a close in wild disorder. Threats to clear the galleries tonight started a tumult greater than characterized last night's session. This threat, supplemented by one to adjourn and close the doors against the public, threw the body into wild disorder, which ended only when the turbulent element had worn itself out. Following discussion of the four candidates for the vice presidency, the convention adjourned, leaving the vote for tomorrow. The trouble tonight was precipitated when a delegate, speaking against the candidacy of Jose Pino Suarez, produced a telegram from the state of Yucatan, signed by Gustavo Madero, member of the central committee, and so worded as to appear to implicate that body in partisan action. Madero then broke, which was taken up by a large body of students in the gallery, calling the delegates to order, but the youngsters were deaf to his appeals. When he threatened to clear the gallery, it looked for a time as if the services of the police would be necessary.

Appeals to Decency. When finally made himself heard, Madero appealed to the spectators in the name of patriotism and decency not to bring disgrace on the party in its first convention, declaring it his opinion that the action of groups in the gallery had been instigated either by Cientificos or Reyesistas in an effort to disrupt the convention.

Radicalism will not characterize the administration of Madero. When he appeared before them today he told the delegates they need not expect him to carry out the reforms of the proposed platform at any given time, or by any radical means. When Madero walked down the aisle the convention house shook with applause. It was some time before Chairman Sanchez Azcona could restore a semblance of order. When their hero reached the stage the audience again broke into wild applause. On the stage behind him sat Madero's proud father, and in an upper box a number of women of the Madero family, including the wife of the nominee, who has been his companion in jail, on the battlefield, and on tours of pacification, and who accompanied him to the convention hall.

Ovation of Mme. Madero. When Madero finished speaking, Senor Rindon, one of Mexico's most eloquent lawyers, arose and called attention to the presence of Mme. Madero. Briefly he outlined her services to the cause, and when he finished the delegates arose, faced Mrs. Madero, and shook the house with applause. Soon Madero raised his hand for silence and the audience became quiet. Not a sound, except the speaker's voice was heard. A cough here and there and the sign of indignant glances. That his administration would do all in his power to carry out the wishes of the country, Madero assured the delegates, but he reminded them that all the changes must be brought about by legal process, which, he said, require in some cases months, perhaps years. Madero explained one delay which might be expected, doubtless would be, due to the enforced use of part of the old Diaz regime, namely, the federal congress. Members of this body hold seats by virtue of appointment by Diaz, according to Madero, and he declared they would be permitted to serve out their terms. He said it was only to be expected that until their successors were elected by the people objections to reforms would be encountered in congress.

Foreign Capital Safe

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